MAth on the Fly!

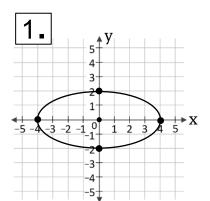


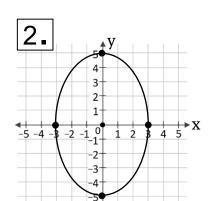
NAME:

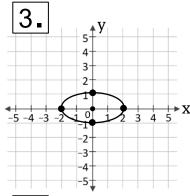
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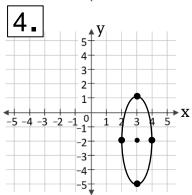
Equations of Ellipses

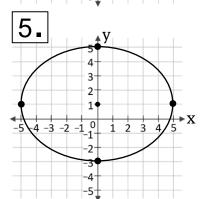
Find the equation of each ellipse.

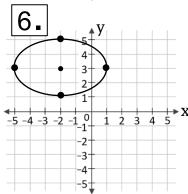












Graph each ellipse.

Also provide the center and the lengths of the minor axis and major axis.

$$7 \cdot \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$
 $8 \cdot \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$ $9 \cdot \frac{x^2}{9} + y^2 = 1$

$$\boxed{8.} \ \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$$

$$9 \cdot \frac{x^2}{9} + y^2 = 1$$

10.
$$(x-2)^2 + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$$

$$\boxed{10.} (x-2)^2 + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1 \qquad \boxed{11.} \frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y+1)^2}{16} = 1 \qquad \boxed{12.} \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{4} = 1$$

$$12 \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{4} = 1$$

SOLUTIONS

 $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ 1.

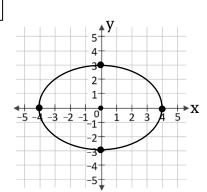
 $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1$

 $3 \cdot \frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 = 1$

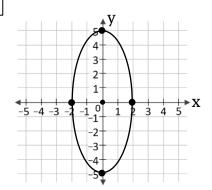
4 $(x-3)^2 + \frac{(y+2)^2}{9} = 1$

 $\boxed{5.} \quad \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{16} = 1 \qquad \boxed{6.} \quad \frac{(x+2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-3)^2}{4} = 1$

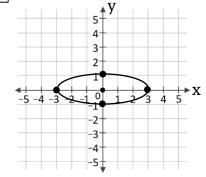
7.



Center = (0,0)Minor Axis = 6Major Axis = 8 8.

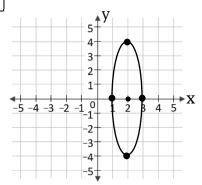


Center = (0,0)Minor Axis = 4Major Axis = 10 9.

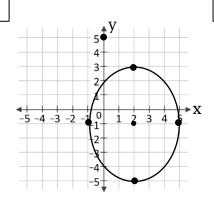


Center = (0,0)Minor Axis = 2Major Axis = 6

10.

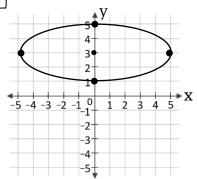


Center = (2,0)Minor Axis = 2Major Axis = 8 11.



Center = (2,-1)Minor Axis = 6Major Axis = 8

12.



Center = (0,3)Minor Axis = 4Major Axis = 10